THE DEMOCRAT.

DEVOTED ENTIRELY AND EXCLUSIVELY TO THE INTEREST OF THE PEOPLE.

VOL 3. PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1893. NO 3.

PROFESSIONAL.

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WHAT BUSINESS MEN

Think of the Bonding Proposition.

THE MAJORITY FAVOR

Bonds, if the Plan is Purely of a Business Nature—The Council Should Know That it is Right, Then go Ahead—The Preponderance of Public Opinion is, "Bonds, Yes."

One of the most important questions of the hour is the bonding proposition. Of course every citizen has his opinion of the proposition. While there is striking divergence of opinion on the question the majority of thinking business men of the city strongly favor bonding the city for the purpose of purchasing the electric lighting works and developing water power, if the proposition absolutely protects the interests of the city, and does not permit of the squandering of public funds in a profligate manner, in the subservience of any private scheme that will avail nothing of material benefit to the welfare of the general masses.

A representative of THE DEMOCRAT interviewed a number of prominent business men and taxpayers of the city, for the purpose of correctly assertaining the status of public opinion on this question.

MR. CHAS. E. MALLETTE,

Secretary and treasurer of the Angeles Water Company, when asked what he thought of the proposition, spoke very freely, and expressed himself as very favorably disposed toward the bonding scheme, if the question was properly submitted.

He believed it was the heighth of folly for the city to proceed blindly and without being absolutely protected. "The proper thing to do," said Mr. Mallette, "is to vote bonds for $50,000. With $25,000 purchase the electric lighting plant, take $20,000 and develop water power with which to operate the plant. For that amount of money sufficient power can be developed not only for the present, but for all reasonable future demands of the system. You then have $5,000 left which can be used for the liquidation of the municipal indebtedness. In my judgment the city has no authority, whatever, to issue bonds for the purpose of developing water power for commercial purposes. This is without its province. The municipal government was not created for that purpose. The council is therefore, in the consideration of this question, confined to the limits of the statutes of the state, which specifically states that it can bond only to purchase, maintain and operate water systems for purely municipal purposes. Yes, I favor bonding, if the proposition is properly constructed."

"Certainly I favor bonding," said

MR. FRANK CHAMBERS,

"If it is an honest, straightforward business proposition, but I will most emphatically oppose a visionary, impracticable scheme, that has no foundation in reason and business logic. Too often, already, have taxpayers been mercilessly swindled by the city authorities unwittingly giving credence to unbusinesslike propositions. The city should be fully protected, in fact, it should have positive guarantee that it will get its money's worth."

"The most serious problem in my mind in considering this question," said

MR. GEO. MEAGHER,

"is whether or not $70,000 is sufficient to carry out the plan outlined. The council should not only have it demonstrated beyond a peradventure of doubt that they will have money enough to do the work, but as well be absolutely protected in the faithful performance of the work."

"I have grave doubts," said

MR. D. P. QUINN,

"If the city can issue bonds to develop water power, other than for general municipal purposes. I heartily favor the purchase of the electric lighting plant. Believe it is for best interests of the city and the citizens so to do. But the city should strictly confine itself within its legal powers. If the city would issue bonds for $50,000 or $60,000, purchase the electric light plant and develop sufficient power to operate it with, it will have taken a step forward, and, in my judgment, do all it legally can."

"The plan is a good one, no doubt," said

J. I. KIRSCHBERG,

"But it does seem somewhat unbusinesslike for the city to develop an enormous power, without any assurance that such power will be utilized in the near future. The idea of purchasing the electric light plant, is doubtless all right. Under present conditions the city is compelled to pay a large monthly rental, together with the expense of operating the plant, the income will not meet the outlay by several hundred dollars each month. The monthly rental, fuel and the salary of at least two men could be cut off, if the city purchased the plant and put in water power. This would mean considerable reduction in operating expenses. If the council acts, they should, of course, consider the interests of taxpayers."

"I do not believe that the city can issue bonds for the purpose of developing water power for commercial purposes," said

MR. H. B. WILLSON,

"The statutes is very clear and explicit on this point. If the water is to be used solely for municipal purposes, the city certainly is authorized to bond to the 5 per cent. limit, otherwise it would only plunge into endless litigation and legal entanglements. Bond the city for enough to purchase the electric light plant and to develop sufficient power with which to operate the plant and the city will have accomplished all it can do in that direction."

"The proposition, in my judgment, is preposterous, visionary and unbusinesslike," stated

MR. W. W. GRAY,

"What the city should do, if it again submits a bonding proposition, is to issue six per cent. bonds in sufficient amount to purchase not only the electric lighting, but the water plant as well. From the latter power could easily be developed to operate the former. The idea of squandering the people's money in a scheme that is, in my opinion, not only utterly impracticable, but without the province of the municipal government. The city has certainly made blunders enough in the past. Let its representatives be careful in the future. They should ever be vigilant, watchful, jealous of and steadfastly guard its interests, being constantly on the elert to embrace an opportunity offering for the betterment of the condition of its citizens."

The foregoing represents fairly public opinion on this question. Citizens are in favor of bonding, if it is for a tangible, genuine, business proposition. They do not, however, favor a scheme which does not appeal to their better judgment as productive of material results.

THE DEMOCRAT has the utmost confidence in the integrity and in the ability of the city council to discern between right and wrong, and to intelligently choose the course, which will result ultimately for the best of all concerned.

The power given the city in bonding, is provided in "an act authorizing cities and towns to construct internal improvements and to issue bonds to pay therefor and declaring an emergency," published in the revised statutes, page 520, which is as follows:

Section 1. That any incorporated city or town within the state be and is hereby authorized to construct or condemn and purchase, or purchase or add to and maintain water works within or without the city limits for the purpose of providing the city and the inhabitants thereof with an ample supply of water for all purposes, etc."

The construction of the above certainly permits of two interpretations. One that the city can maintain water works for the purpose of providing its manufactures with motive power; the other that it only can use the power for strictly municipal purposes. Either opinion has good foundation in argument, in fact and in the law.

THE TIDE LAND SURVEY.

The Work is Progressing Very Satisfactorily, Indeed.

The survey of the tide lands adjacent to the city of Port Angeles is rapidly nearing completion under the compitent direction of Warriner E. Smith, who with his crew, has established the line, from the Elwah east to the spit. The lines then follows the mean high water mark around the spit, and for the present stops at the south east corner of the railroads tide land block, the site of the proposed Union depot.

It became necessary to discontinue the work of establishing this line at high water mark, that accurate measurement might be made of the improvements made upon the tide lands and to accomplish this, Engineer Smith has worked his crew each night while the tide was out.

Considering the fact that accurate measurement of all improvements in the city adjacent to and upon tide land must be made as required by law there is yet much more work to be performed All possible speed is being made, and when the notes are turned in all interested will doubtlessly be satisfied with the work as it is certainely being executed in a most efficient manner.

Mail Route Changed.

Postmaster Marlette received notice from the department at Washington last Monday night, that the mail route from Pysht to La Push had been changed to East Clallam to La Push. The notice was as follows:

"The contractor on route No. 71,229, from Pysht to La Push, has been instructed in pursuance of an order of the postmaster general to embrace and begin at East Clallam, omitting Pysht.

The order to take effect beginning February 15, 1893.

The Quillayute mail did not arrive Wednesday, but will be left here Friday. James Kellner expects to start out on horseback Saturday to take the first mail through.

MUST PAY YOUR TAXES.

The Council will Instruct Attorney to Collect

THE DELINQUENT TAXES

For the Years 1890, 1891 and 1892—The Unpaid Taxes Amount to About Eight Thousand Dollars—The Condition of the City's Finances Makes This Move Imperative.

"Something must be done to meet the obligations of the city, said City Attorney Hatch to a representative of THE DEMOCRAT a few days since. "The beginning of next month the council will be confronted with the unpleasant condition of four thousand dollars of unpaid bills, and no immediate resources to meet this obligation. Our predicament is a very unpleasant one, indeed, and to meet and overcome it the city must resort to severe methods—that of compelling delinquent taxpayers to liquidate their indebtedness to the city.

There are now on the assessment books of 1890, 1891 and 1892, delinquent taxes amounting to $8,000. The disposition of the city has been one of extreme leniency towards taxpayers. In fact it is a question if its action is not subject to severe criticism, as it is so loose and unbusinesslike. Then again. It is a rank injustice to all property-owners who have promptly paid their taxes—the latter class having paid into the city treasury for the year 1892, $6,887.22.

The city is simply a big business concern. If it affairs are administered successfully, it must rigidly observe the same rules, methods and principles that the successful business man follows, otherwise disaster will come to it as surely as it comes to the negligent business man. The utter folly of permitting taxes to go unpaid from year to year, and shifting the burden of maintaining the city government upon the faithful few who do pay their taxes, is made more clearly apparent when you realize the fact that because of this questionable leniency the city is unable to pay its laborers. For the greater part the bills due are for labor, and labor must be promptly paid or it suffers, and in turn inflicts an injustice to the merchants of the city who have extended credit for the necessaries of life. There is absolutely no excuse whatever for the city to conduct its affairs in this extremely slack manner. It should compel the prompt payment of taxes, and then it would be in a position to liquidate its debts.

"If these taxes had been paid, and the ordinance authorizing the Front and First street grades not found to have been illegal, the city would be at least $23,000 better off than it is at present. This amount would be sufficient to not only pay off the claims against the city, but it would leave a snug surplus in the treasury to meet future obligations.

"I have called the attention of the city council to the grave condition of the city finances, and have advised them to adopt a resolution, authoizing me to proceed at once with the collection of delinquent taxes, for the years 1890 and 1891, at least and for that matter, for the year 1892.

"This may appear unreasonable to delinquent taxpayers, but when they reflect for a moment that it is doubly severe on labor, and that they are wholly and solely the cause of the city not being able to pay its labor, they will no doubt not deem it an injustice to them that the city is compelled to force the payment of overdue taxes."

The following is the substance of Attorney Hatch's communication to the council:

TO THE HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL:

GENTLEMEN—There is now about eight thousand dollars delinquent taxes for the years 1890, 1891 and 1892, due this city. We have some four thousand dollars of bills accumulated, which we can not pay, a large part of which is for labor. I see no way for the city to meet its bills and go ahead with work this year except on the basis of collecting its taxes. I therefore advise you to have these delinquent taxes collected at once If you will pass a resolution authorizing the city attorney to proceed with the collection as required by law, I believe the money can be collected. It will possibly work a hardship on some to raise the money, but the injustice, the hardship is infinitely severer, in fact, greater on the laboring classes, (who are entirely dependent upon their wages) if the city cannot pay them for work already done, together with the fact that the city will be compelled to cut off future employment, by stopping all public work.

Yours,
GEO. C. HATCH,
City Attorney.

COUNTY NEWS.

Interesting Paragrahs From the County Press.

East Clallam Record.

Work will begin on the trail to the Hoko Falls as soon as the weather will permit.

***

The Vesta finished loading on Tuesday and is ready for sea. Her cargo consists of about 340,000 feet.

***

The petition of the Ozette settlers asking that a county road be laid out from the Hoko Falls to Ozette lake was granted by the board of county commissioners last week and the board appointed Jas. T. Camp. Stewart Brown and J. H. Clarkson viewers.

***

The schooner American Girl arrived on Sunday, eight days from San Francisco. The schooner brought thirty tons of freight for Fairservice & Company. The schooner sailed out of the bay on Thursday for Seattle for lumber cargo there being no lumber on hand here.

***

Samuel J. Lutz on Wednesday purchased a valuable claim near town formerly owned by George Moore afterwards held by Joe Burgess. The claim is located a short distance from the west side of the bay. Mr. Lutz went out Wednesday to take possession.

***

The snow has effectually prevented the carrying of the mails out to Beaver and Quillayute and the people out that way have had no mail for two weeks. The last time contractor Kirby endeavored to carry the mail he met with an accident near Beaver and was nearly frozen to death, after faling into a stream before he reached a habitation.

***

The whistling buoy at Neah Bay is disabled and the whistle has been blown away. Capt. Tozier, of the revenue cutter Wolcott, who made the discovery, has reported it to Washington and to the superintendent of lighthouse stations for this district, but it will take three or four days before the repairs can be made.

STEP IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION.

City Attorney Hatch Gives the Council Timely Advice.

TO THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL:

GENTLEMEN—While at Olympia, I had a bill introduced, regarding the reassessment of First and Front streets.

The bill gives us the right to reassest and will enable us to arrange the matter so as to give the delinquents several years to pay up. I have talked with several of those most prominent in contesting the levy, and I feel sure we can arrange it so as to secure the assessment without further litigation. The bill will pass in a few days, and will require a complete overhauling of our ordinances before the new levy is made. There is hardly an ordinance in our books that will today stand the test of legal scrutinizing by our courts. Some are not signed at all, others by the president or mayor pro tem; others again have not been legally passed, so that in my opinion we can do nothing legal unless they are legally overhauled.

The cost of revising and codifying them and publishing in book or pamphlet form so as to conform to the acts of the present session of legislature, would amount in my judgment to about eight hundred dollars. I find that nearly every city of our class in the state has had this done. I would make this proposition to the council: I will revise and codify the entire ordinances as above, drawing such new ones as are necessary, and providing for the reassessment and general ordinances for assessments and taxation, everything complete and in shape to be bound for four hundred dollars. The city to pay the printing which I believe would amount to about four hundred dollars. The last council in considering this matter were informed by Judge Lane that it was worth one thousand dollars for attorney's fees alone to revise the ordinances. I believe any responsible lawyer will say that my offer is not more than one half what it is really worth.

At any rate the general fund can better stand this than to be loaded with the balance due on First and Front streets, and without a revision of the ordinances we can do nothing. I would like the council to act on this at once as it will take at least three months to revise the ordinances and nothing can be done until they are completed.

Respectfully,
GEO. C. HATCH,
City Attorney.

Mr. Ben Franklin is rapidly recovering from the effects of the wound received from Mose Ackle's murderous rifle.

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Published every Friday at Port Angeles, Washington, by

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JOHN W. TROY.....Editor

REPUBLICAN SOPHISTRY.

It is certainly difficult to understand how it is that so many narrow and contracted intellectual weaklings select Republican newspaper sanctums as a field in which to display their foolish childishness. One of the silliest of these poor mortals whom God Almighty, in his most forbearing mercy, permits to breath the atmosphere of his footstool edits (?) the Palouse Gazette. The latest exhibition of this puerile journalist is the following remarkable statement:

"Should Mr. Cleveland select as his secretary of state Walter Q. Gresham, who four years ago was a leading Republican candidate for the presidential nomination, the idol of Democracy would expose a remarkable lack of confidence in the ability of his own party."

Bah! The idea that such nonsensical trash can find a believer, or that it will interest any one, is absurd.

There are dozens of men in each of the American political parties with sufficient ability to serve as Secretary of State, and all know that Mr. Cleveland is aware of that fact.

Should Mr. Cleveland make Judge Gresham Secretary of State, as announced, it will mean first, of course, that Mr. Cleveland has confidence in the ability, integrity, personal worth and puplic principles of Judge Gresham; second, that the question of protection abolition is the question of the hour, and that the independent free trade Republicans who assisted to make it possible are to be recognized; and, third, that independent, courageous political thinking and acting is not recognized as a crime by Mr. Cleveland.

Despite the puny sophistry of the Gazette order, so familiar with the advocates of the g. o. p.'s waning course, all will admit that Mr. Cleveland is right. Judge Gresham is worthy of confidence "Protection is a fraud," and political independence is a political right.

WASHINGTON.

The one hundred and sixty-first anniversary of the birth day of Washington was more widely, more enthusiastically and more truely celebrated Wednesday than any of its predecessors. At each reoccurring 22d of February a greater number and a more appreciative people is found to do honor to that name that is as true a synonym for statesmanship and patriotism as is Christ's name for purity and christianity — Washington. How truely has Lord Brougham's prophetic words been fulfilled:

"It will be the duty of the historian and sage in all ages to let no occasion pass without comemorating this illustrious man; and, until time shall be no more, will a test of the progress which our race has made in wisdom and virtue be derived from the veneration paid to the immortal name of Washington."

No man's name is so honored among men; no man's birth is so universally and respectfully commemorated—unless Christ be called man—as Washington's. This devotion is not confined to the limits of one nation—nor two—but a world today points to Washington as the truest and noblest, besides one of the greatest and grandest of earth's characters. Richard Henry Lee's splendid and truthful sentence, "first in war, first in peace and first in the hearts of his countrymen" is now but a half truth—it should include all fellows and every countryman. Washington's career and character are valued information possessed by everyone.

A genuius in war, a statesman in peace, it suffices to say with the English historian "the place of Washington in the history of mankind is well nigh without a fellow."

APPOINT HIM.

Petitions are being circulated throughout Clallam county requesting the appointment of William K. Clark as deputy collector of customs for Port Angeles.

Should he receive this honor at the hands of President Cleveland, it will be a just recognition of conscientious and patriotic rendered service his party and country.

As auditor of Clallam county and as county clerk Mr. Clark was a model public servant; as chairman of the Democratic County Central Committee, Mr. Clark served his party—which, with him at least, is patriotism—with all of his splendid ability and conscientious devotion to duty.

THE DEMOCRAT is safe in saying that Mr. Cleveland will not have the privilege of making a better appointment than Mr. Clark during his four years' term of office.

THERE is not just cause to complain by those who believe in bestowing offices as a reward for faithful party service in the appointment of Judge Gresham as Secretary of State. The salary is the least thing considered in such an appointment. It is an office above personality. Principle, efficiency and integrity, taken together with the advancement of the party are the things to be considered. As to effeciency and integrity, none question Judge Gresham. As to political expediency, it is certainly a recognition of those stalwart Republicans who, becoming disgusted with Republicanism, have made Illinois and Wisconsin permanently Democratic and his principles are certainly Democratic.

It would alleviate the "financial crisis" caused by the Sherman Act, to a great extent if the Secretary of the Treasury would exercise his duty under the pernicious law by redeeming some of the silver certificates with silver, instead of making the bill solely an instrument for speculation in bullion. There is no doubt about the Sherman Act being bad principle, bad policy and bad law, but it is criminal to make it worse than necessity compels.

The selection of Hon. Hoke Smith, of Georgia, editor of the Atlanta Journal, for Secretary of the Interior, is a good one. The Atlanta Journal has done splendid service in exposing and defeating the high tariff doctrines of the Atlanta Constitution, Senator Hill's Georgia annex.

THE Democrats in charge need not be afraid of being too radical on the tariff question to suit the people. They want radical legislation. That is what they voted the Democratic ticket for.

MR. CLEVELAND has shown the breadth of mind and independence that marked Mr. Lincoln in forming his cabinet.

"GENERAL" GRESHAM, "Judge" Gresham, "Secretary" Gresham; will it ever be "President" Gresham?

COMMISSIONS do not "go" with real railroad legislation reformers.

AT THE COUNCIL.

Several Matters of Importance Taken Under Consideration.

The council met in regular session Wednesday with Mayor Smith and Councilmen Kreuger, Ristine, Carver, Beam, and Reed, present.

Marshal McGregor requested that the council instruct the street commissioner to have a sidewalk built on First street from Oak street to the city jail.

Communication from Attorney Hatch was read, calling the attention of the council to the fact that there was about $8000 of delinquent taxes due the city for the years 1890, 1891 and 1892, and advising that the council adopt a resolution authorizing him to proceed at once with the collection of these taxes. It was moved that the communication be laid on the table until the next meeting for final action.

The clerk read another communication from City Attorney Hatch calling the attention of the council to the fact that it was imparative to have the ordinances of the city codified at once. The Front and First street street grade assessments had been declared void because of the illegal construction of the ordinance authorizing the improvement of these streets. There was a bill before the legislature which would doubtless pass, the nature of which was to authorize the city to make a new assessment on these streets. Before the council could preceed with this matters it would be necessary to legalize the ordinances authorizing such improvements. Few of the ordinances passed since the incorporation of the city were free from legal defects. This work could be performed, for less money now than later on, and if this work is not done at once, the city will be utterly powerless to proceed with the levy and the collection of the First and Front street grade assessments, unless these ordinances were legalized and codified. The council laid the matter over until the next meeting, at which the city attorney would be notified to be present and throw all light on the question possible.

Councilman Kreuger moved that the council purchase the lumber from Mrs. Froelich which was to have been used in the construction of the store building in Laurel street.

The petition of Bowman for a wharf franchise privilege at the foot of Oak street was referred to the franchise committee.

A motion prevailed that the council allow R. R. Harding $15 for his services in January, 1893.

Council adjourned to meet Thursday evening to take under consideration ordinance No. 120, being the ordinance providing for the bonding proposition.

The city council met last evening, with the mayor and councilmen present.

Ordinance No. 120, providing for bonding the city to purchase the electric plant, was taken up for consideration. After considerable discussion, the ordinance was laid on the table for the purpose of giving the council more time to make a more careful and accurate examination of the proposition.

The next business considered was the collection of delinquent city taxes. It was ordered that taxpayers be given notice that all delinquent taxes for the years 1890, 1891 and 1892, not paid by the 15th of March would be placed in the hands of the city attorney for collection. The city attorney was present and advised the council at length as to the absolute necessity of overhauling the ordinance of the city, curing the legal defects and codifying them. He called their attention to some of the defects in ordinances under the defective authority of which the city was laying itself liable to endless litigation, expense and loss of valuable time. The council in view of these facts could ill afford to permit longer to exist such faulty conditions. The council will take the matter under consideration until the next meeting.

Notice.

GENTLEMEN OF THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:

Please take notice that a meeting of the Democratic County Central Committee will be held on Saturday the 11th day of March, 1893, at the hour of 7 p. m., in the city of Port Angeles, for the purpose of organizing, filling vacancies and transacting such business as may be brought before it, and this publication is your notice thereof.

W. K. CLARK, Chairman.
R. A. GRIMES, Secretary.

THE MASQUERADE.

A Fantastic Spectacle With Seventy-Five Masquers.

The masquerade ball given last Wednesday evening at the opera house under the auspices of the Angeles Club, proved a very successful event, both from a social and a financial standpoint.

About forty couple availed themselves of the opportunity to masque and astonish, mystify and amuse their friends and the large number of spectators who had gathered to witness the exceedingly interesting spectacle produced in seventy-five masquers appearing in every conceivable costume.

The representation of a character is, by-the-way, somewhat of an artistic effort, requiring exceptional judgment, taste, adaptability and not a little study. It is, indeed, extremely disgusting to contemplate an over-wrought, ill-considered, ill-fashioned reproduction of any character, be it simple or abiding in grandeur of nature.

The observer must have been impressed with the elasticity of the imaginative genius of the average American youth, so forcefully demonstrated with some of the absurd, ridiculous costumes adorned at the masquerade. But pause for a moment, you sensibly conclude that "a little nonsense now and then is relished by the wisest men."

According to a time-honored custom three persons were selected from the spectators to act as judges and pass upon the merit of the dancers, so that the several prizes might be intelligently awarded. As judges Miss Margaret Fend, Miss Kate Yarnell and Mr. Benton Embree, were chosen.

The writer from experience is painfully aware of the fact that the position of judge at a masquerade ball is anything but an enviable one to occupy. You cannot please everyone. And the sooner you realize this fact the better it will be for you. The wail of lamentation sent up by the disappointed contestants is very piteous, indeed. After an exhibition, the judges awarded the prizes, which were announced by Judge Benton Embree, as follows:

Best lady dancer, Mrs Otto Shields; finest dressed lady, Miss Lizzie Thompson; best sustained lady character, "Topsey," E. P. Hipst; best sustained gentleman character, "Uncle Sam," Harry Greenberg; best dressed gentleman; the character representing the clown, Otto Simmerman. Dancing continued until about two o'clock when the party broke up.

President Cleveland's Cabinet.

President elect Cleveland has completed his cabinet as follows:

Secretary of State—Walter Quinton Gresham, of Indiana.

Secretary of the Treasury—John Griffin Carlisle, of Kentucky.

Secretary of War—Daniel Scott Lamont, of New York.

Attorney General—Richard Olney, of Massachusetts.

Postmaster General—Wilson Shannon Bissell, of New York.

Secretary of the Navy—Hilary A. Herbert, of Alabama.

Secretary of the Interior—Hoke Smith, of Georgia.

Secretary of Agriculture—J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska.

In Cleveland's first cabinet there were two New Yorkers—Whitney and Manning—who were influential politicians. Lamont and Bissell are men of political influence, and are acceptable to the Democracy. In the first Cleveland cabinet, the South had two members; in the new cabinet it has three. The most Westerly members, as regards residence, in the first cabinet was Vilas, of Wisconsin; the new cabinet has a member from Nebraska, which is farther west than Grover Cleveland has ever traveled.

The heaviest man in the new cabinet is Postmaster-General Bissell, who weighs 300 pounds; the next heaviest is Hoke Smith, who weighs 250, and is so corpulant as to be unable to walk gracefully, and whose complexion is of a deathly pallor. Cleveland says with Cæsar, who, however, was a small man.

Let me have men about me that are fat;
Sleek-headed men, and such as sleep o' nights;
You Cassius has a lean and hungry look;
He thinks too much, such men are dangerous.

COUNTY NEWS.

Interesting Paragraphs From the County Press.

Port Crescent Leader.

***

The Port Crescent Mill Company's new mill again started up on Tuesday, the snow having made it impossible to operate for several weeks. The machinery was soon satisfactorily adjusted and the sawing began at a good rate. The busy activity of the mill is a welcome feature in the bay and the hum and chatter of the machinery and the noisy working of the steam are pleasant music to everyone in the neigeborhood.

***

The bid of Mr. Iver Estensen for carrying the mail between Fairholme and Port Crescent had been accepted and orders were issued for the beginning of the service March 4th to continue till June 30th, 1893. The contract price is $481 per year.

The establishment of this regular service between this place and Fairholme will be a great convenience to the ranchers on Lake Crescent and in the Solduck Valley and it will relieve Postmaster George E. Michell of the burden of providing a private means of carrying the mail, as he has been doing for the past year. It is owing to the indefatigable efforts of Mr. Michell that this route is now established and those who are thereby benefited will no doubt fully appreciate his tireless labors in this direction. There is already a post-office beyond Fairholme and the route will probably be extended and its convenience still more enlarged.

MORE COLONISTS ARRIVE.

A Number of Persons Arrive to Join the Michigan Soldier Colony.

Wednesday afternoon Mr. James Clendenney and Mrs. Smith and sen, arrived from East Saginaw, Michigan.

They came over the Northern Pacific railway, and report a very pleasant journey. Mr. Clendenney states that arrangements had almost been perfected for fifteen persons to comprise the party instead of three, but at the last moment those who remained decided not to leave until about the first of April.

Mr. Hutchinson is laboring faithfully in the interest of Port Angeles. Through his personal influence the people back there have become very enthusiastic over what they believe to be bright prospects before this state.

He is satisfied that there will be a large immigration to this town from Michigan during the year. The party which leaves the 1st of April will comprise twenty-five or fifty persons.

The winter in Michigan has been an unusually severe, in fact it has been the coldest for years past.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.

Alice Gould Entertains Her Many Little Friends.

Last Friday afternoon Alice Gould celebrated her 4th birthday, at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Gould, with a party to her little friends.

The little folks enjoyed themselves hughly with games and sports which afford such an infinite degree of pleasure to children in the days of their youth.

A most tempting luncheon was served, and it is almost needless to add, keenly relished by the little people.

With others the following were present: Hattie Mallette, Lulu Fend, Ethel Mallette, Annie Ritchie, Helen Smith, Mamie Shields, Delia Fend, Magdaline Meagher, Gertrude Smith, Alice Gould, Charlie Cook, Willie Ritchie, Robert Gould and Alex. Ritchie.

NOTICE
TO
TAXPAYERS

All parties who are delinquent to the city of Port Angeles, for taxes for the years 1890, 1891 and 1892, will take notice that by order of the city council, I shall commence suit against all delinquents who have not settled prior to the fifteenth day of March, 1893. Large penalties and costs will be incurred, which parties can save by settling prior to that time.

GEO. C. HATCH,
City Attorney.

Road Notice.

We, the undersigned, twelve freeholders, residing in the vicinity through which the following described proposed road will run, hereby give notice to all persons concerned, that at the next term of the board of county commissioners of Clallam county we will petition said board for a county road in said county, having its points of beginning and termination, course and intermediate points as follows:

Commencing at the half-mile stake on south side of section thirty, 30, township twenty-nine 29, range three, 3, west, to run thence south and ending at the head of Sequim bay.

Dated the sixth day of February, 1893.

8 Petitioners H. Hankinson and 11 others.

Road Noiice.

We, the undersigned, twelve freeholders, residing in the vicinity through which the following described proposed road will run, hereby give notice to all persons concerned that at the next term of the board of county commissioners of Clallam county, we will petition said board for a county road in said county, having its points of beginning and termination, course and intermediate points as follows:

Commencing at a point on the Sequim bay county road where the section line between sections 21 and 22, township 30 n, range 3 west, crosses said road, running thence south about one mile to the Burlingame county road, thence on said county road one-quarter of a mile in a south-westerly direction, thence through the southeast corner of section 28, thence through section 33 to the northeast corner of southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 33, thence west along the section line to the corner of section 33 and 32 and ending at the John Bell road, the whole distance being about three miles.

Dated the 9th day of February, 1863

8 Petitioners O to Sinders and 12 others.

Road Notice.

We, the undersigned, twelve freeholders residing in the vicinity through which the following described proposed road will run, hereby give notice to all persons concerned, that at the next term of the board of county commissioners of Clallam county, we will petition said board for a change in the county road in said county, having its points of beginning and termination, course and intermediate points, as follows:

To change that part of the Lake Sutherland road lying between "Settlers bridge" on the river Elwha in road district No. 29, and that point where the said lake Sutherland road intersects with the "T. Edward's" road in district No. 10, to a new route commencing at a point immediately below Little River on the river Elwha, where it can intersect with the upper Elwha road in district No. 29, thence in a westerly direction to a point near the cabin of Jacob Hansen, from there crossing the creek and Indian valley at the most practicable point, traversed the valley on the north side at the foot of the mountains until its intersection with the "T. Edwards" road in district No. 10, and ending at that point.

Dated the 13th day of February, 1893.

7 A. LINDMAN and 11 others.

SUMMOMS.

IN the Superior Court of the state of Washington, for the county of Clallam.

STATE OF WASHINGTON } ss.
COUNTY OF CLALLAM,

No. of Case, 600.

J. W. Everett, Plaintiff.
vs.
M. L. Nathanson and Henry Landes, Defendants

The State of Washington to the Above Named Defendant, M. L. Nathanson:

You are hereby notified that J. W. Everett, the above named plaintiff has filed a complaint and commenced an action against you and Henry Landes as defendants, in the superior court of the state of Washington, for the county of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles in said county, and you are hereby required to appear and answer the said complaint within sixty days from the day of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: Sixty days after the 23rd day of December, 1892, and unless you appear and answer the same on or before the 21st day of February, 1893, the same will be taken as confessed, and the plaintiff will apply to the said court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

The said action is founded upon a certain contract in writing executed by said plaintiff and you on the 4th day of December, 1889, whereby said plaintiff agreed to sell and convey to you the following described lands situate in said Clallam county, Washington, to-wit: Lots number four, five and six in section six of township thirty north of range seven west of Willamette meridian; and lot number one in section one of township thirty north of range eight west of Willamette Meridian, for the sum of four thousand dollars, and said action is further founded upon three certain promissory notes executed and delivered by you to said J. W. Everett on said day for the sum of one thousand dollars each, payable in one, two and three years respectively from their dates and drawing interest from their dates at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, said notes being executed as aforesaid as part of the balance of the purchase price of said land; and the object of said action is to recover judgment against you upon said notes for the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent. per annum from the fouth day of December 1890, and the further some of three hundred dollars as attorneys fees as provided in said notes and that such judgment be decreed a lien upon all the right title and interest of said defendants in said lands, that said defendants be barred and foreclosed of all their right title and interest in said lands, and that the same be sold by the sheriff to satisfy said judgment and costs of such sale and such suit, and for such other and futher relief as may be just and equitable all of which more fully appears by said complaint to which reference is now here made.

Witness my hand and the Seal of said Superior court affixed this 22d day of December, A. D. 1892.

{SEAL} WILLIAM K. CLARK,
Clerk.

Date of first publication hereof, December 23d, 1892.

Benton Embree, attorney for Plaintiff.

SUMMONS.

IN the Superior Court of the state of Washington, for the County, of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles.

STATE OF WASHINGTON, } ss.
CLALLAM COUNTY.

Schwabacher Brothers & Company, Incorporated a corporation, Plaintiffs,
vs.
D. W. Johnson and B. H. Burgess, Defendants.

Action brought in the superior court for the county of Clallam holding terms at Port Angeles and complaint filed in the office of the clerk of said court on the 8th day of February, 1893.

To the Above Named Defendants.

You are hereby notified that Schwabacher Brothers, incorporated a corporation, plaintiffs, have filed a complaint against you in the Superior court of the State of Washington for the county of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles, which will come on to be heard sixty days after the first publication of this summons, to wit; sixty days after the 10th day of February, 1893, and unless you appear and answer the same on or before the 17th day of April, 1893, the same will be taken as confessed and the prayer of said complaint granted.

The object and prayer of said complaint is to obtain judgment on a certain promissory note of date March 9, 1892, for $1,237.91 and interest thereon amounting to $125.70 and attorney's fees of $150.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Superior court, affixed this eighth day of February, A. D. 1893.

{SEAL} A. A. RICHARDSON,
County clerk, and clerk of the superior court.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN THE Superior court of Clallam county. State of Washington.

John A. Wilson, Plaintiff.
vs. No. 597.
J. B. Yakey, Defendant.

STATE OF WASHINGTON, } SS.
County of Clallam. }

By virture of an execution issued out of the superior court in and for Clallam county, Washington, dated the 3rd day of February, 1893, and to me directed and delivered, in a certain action wherein John A. Wilson the plaintiff in said action recovered judgment against J. B. Yakey the defendant therein, for two hundred and eighty-five dollars and fifty cents ($285.50) and nineteen dollars and twenty-five cents, costs of suit, and accruing costs, on the 3rd day of February, 1893, I have levied upon the following described real property as the property of said defendant, J. B. Yakey, situate in said Clallam, county, Washington, to-wit;

The north half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-eight (28), and the north half of the southeast quarter of section twenty-nine (29), and lot number one (1) and the east half of the southeast quarter of section twenty (20), and the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty-nine (29) all being in township thirty-one (31) north of range ten (10) west of Willamette Meridian.

Notice is hereby given that on

Saturday, the 4th day of March, A. D., 1893.

at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the north front door of the court house in the city of Port Angeles, in said Clallam county, I will sell all of the right, title and interest of the said J. B. Yakey the above named defendent, in and to the above described property, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said judgment, costs and accruing costs.

Dated the 3rd day of February, 1893.

S. G. MORSE,
Sheriff of Clallam County, Washington.
W. E. BURNSIDE, Deputy.
Benton Embree, attorney for plaintiff.
Date of first publication February 3, 1893.

City Treasurer's Notice.

The City Treasurer will pay upon presentation at his office, the following warrants drawn on general fund. No's A. 367 to 370, both numbers inclusive.

No interest allowed on said warrants after this date.

Dated at Port Angeles this 4th day of February 1893.

E. E. SEEVERS,
City Treasurer.

Opera House Bl'd.

Messrs. Bradford & Co., have leased the plant of the Port Angeles Steam Laundry and are prepared to do first class work. Patronage from out of town is solicited and all such orders will meet with prompt attention.

Take advantage of the 20 per cent. discount on Men's, boys, and children's clothing at the New York Clothing House.

CLALLAM LODGE NO. 72, I. O. O. F.

The New Lodge Room Dedicated—Entertainment and Supper.

Last evening the members of the I. O. O. F. lodge of this city met in the handsomely furnished new lodge room of Clallam Lodge No. 72, in the Dodge-Bell building, for the purpose of dedicating the new hall which has been richly furnished, and elaborately finished throughout. The affair was strictly a family one only members of that fraternal society and their families being present.

The Oddfellows are a numerous family in Port Angeles as fully 150 guests were most graciously entertained by the members of Clallam Lodge.

With cards, singing, and other amusement the evening was most delightfully passed and completely rounded out with a royal banquet.

The officers of the lodge, who, with the members, so royally entertained the guests of the evening are:

Chas. Stakemiller.....Noble Grand
Chas. Foss.....Vice-Grand
B. F. Van Lehn.....Recording Sec'y
Chas. Raymond.....Treasurer
C. Babcock.....Financial Sec'y
Len Raymond.....Inner Guard
Wm. Graham.....Outer Guard
A. N. Taylor.....Past Grand

IN THE COURTS.

Grindings of the Superior Court During the Week.

In the case of R. H. Golder, plaintiff, vs. Luther A. Mason and Endora M. Mason, defendants, which was for non-payment of money due, the plaintiff obtained judgment for $1,674.76 and interest at 10 per cent. from January 27th, 1892, and costs.

In the divorce suit of Julia Wahlin vs. E. A. Wahlin, judgment was rendered in favor of the plaintiff and she was awarded the care of the three children and the privilege of proving up on the reserve lot.

Suit has been brought by J. W. Filkins against William G. Campbell for foreclosure of mortgage.

E. Metcalfe has brought suit against C. L. Kemp and Eugene Kemp and against L. Werth on accounths.

The following grand and petit jurors were drawn on February 21st and required to appear in the Superior court on the 21st day of March. Petit jurors:

F. C. Dean, T. A. Miller, A. C. Brotherton, G. Lovegreen, J. Van Horn, John Carnes, Otto Zindars, A. R. Pringle, Jos. Ballinger, Charles I. Haswell, Joseph Pecore, Geo. F. Haines, Joseph Henderson, P W Gallup, Louis Westbrook, E C Rich, J W Craig, L R Cole, Merrill Whittier, Perry Wiley, J W Souther, Minor Foster, Harry Martin, and H Nelson.

Grand jurors: R A Davis, J B Cleary, H P Mapes, B F Dean, Jno. Bell, jr, J L Worthley, F McGill, H Postman, Silas Goodwin, Harvey Lesure, J C Dean, Jno Brown, sr, Geo Lotzgazell, C H Firhornean, L W Nichols, Rube Jacobs and N P Anderson.

Novel Advertising Scheme.

Novelty in advertising plays no unimportant part in commercial business. The merchant or business institution who do not constantly and effectually advertise their wares, are not very apt to meet with unqualified success. The greater the novelty, the greater the success, is the maxim adopted by the aggressive, enterprising business man. Speaking about novelty in advertising the plan adopted by the manufactuers of condensed milk and cream stands out supreme.

A few weeks ago the St. Charles cream was introduced to the citizens of Port Angeles, by attractive young women serving it with coffee to the customers of the principal grocers of the city. During the past few days citizens have had an opportunity to test the relative merits of the Highland and St. Charles brands, the former being served at Raymond & Stewart and Morse's respectively by Misses Cromwall and Henry, who are advertising this cream in the city

The First Shingle Mill.

An exchange says the first shingle mill in Washington was built by D. F. Decatur at Mount Vernon in 1888.

This is incorrect.

In 1883 John Robin built a shingle mill near Castle Rock; he now manufactures shingles in Castle Rock. He began sawing shingles in March, 1883, and the first year cut 2,500,000. The prices were for random widths $2.45 and for dimensions $4.50. In 1884 he cut 4,000,000, the price having dropped down to $1.90 and 3.00. The first shipments were to Portland by boat and rail. On July 4, 1885, he shipped the first carload of shingles east. They went to Blanchard & Son, Lock Haven, Pennsylvania. For this car he received $1.80 a thousand.—West Coast Lumberman.

Nebraska has a young lady in the person of Miss Schaffer, of Beaver Crossing, 15 years old, 6 feet 3 inches in height, weighs 250 pounds, and wears a No. 10 shoe. She is growing rapidly.

A birthday party was given last evening at the home of Captain and Mrs. R R. Harding, in honor of the 47th birthday of Mrs. Hutchinson. The evening was most agreeably spent with dancing, cards and conversation. During the evening a delicious luncheon was served.

Subscribe for THE DEMOCRAT.

THE DEMOCRAT.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1893.

WEATHER REPORT.

United States Department of Agriculture —Weekly Meterological Report.

DAY.	Date	TEMPERATURE. Highest	Lowest	WIND. Prevailing Direction	Force	Precipitation	State of weather
Thursday	16	48	35	S	Light	38	Pt Cldy
Friday	17	44	32	S	Light	00	Pt Cldy
Saturday	18	48	34	S	Light	00	Cloudy
Sunday	19	48	34	S W	Light	00	Pt Cldy
Monday	20	45	32	S W	Light	00	Pt Cldy
Tuesday	21	47	34	W	Fresh	04	Clear
Wednesday	22	46	32	S	Light	06	Cloudy

Highest wind and direction for the week 17 miles south.

Average rainfall since January 1st, 7.76 inches

Total amount of rainfall since January 1, 9.56

Total excess since January 1, 1.89 inches.

WM. BELL,
Observer Weather Bureau.

The chief of the weather bureau directs the publication of the following data, compiled from the record of observations for the month of March, taken at this station during a period of eight years.

It is believed that the facts thus set forth will prove of interest to the public, as well as the special student, showing as they do the average and extreme conditions of the more important meteorological elements and the range within which such variations may be expected to keep during any corresponding month.

TEMPERATURE.

Mean or normal temperature 41.7 degrees.

The warmest March was that of 1885, with an average of 44.7 degrees.

The coldest March was that of 1886. with an average of 39.7 degrees.

The highest temperature during any March, was 58. degrees on the 28th, 1885.

The lowest temperature during any March was degrees on the 23rd, 1888.

Average date on which first "killing" frost occurred (in autumn) October 10th.

Average date on which last "killing" frost occurred (in spring) April 30th.

PRECIPITATION. (RAIN AND MELTED SNOW.)

Average for the month, 2.09 inches.

Average number of days with .01 of an inch or more, 14.

The greatest monthly precipitation was 3.65 inches in 1887.

The least monthly precipitation was .68 inches in 1885.

The greatest amount of precipitation recorded in any 24 consecutive hours was 1.45 inches on the 11th and 12th, 1888.

The greatest amount of snowfall recorded in 24 consecutive hours [record extending to winter of 1884-5 only] was 0.00 inches on no snow 18.

CLOUDS AND WEATHER.

Average number of cloudless days, 7.

Average number of partly cloudy days, 10.

Average number of cloudy days, 14.

WIND.

The prevailing winds have been from the south.

The highest velocity of the wind during any March, was 32 miles west on the 17th, 1888.

WILLIAM BELL, Observer.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Joe Ballinger, Jr., left Tuesday for Sequim Prairie.

Mr. W. W. Ferrier went to Port Townsend, Tuesday.

Mr. W. L. Ketchum left last Friday for a business trip to San Francisco.

Mr. M. Gilpin has returned from a prolonged visit with relatives in New York state.

Mr. W. E. Miller, representing Richmond & Stoppenbach, wholesale stationers, was in town Wednesday.

Mrs. P. A. Meagher left last Friday for San Francisco, in response to a telegram announcing the unwelcome news of the sickness of her husband.

A. A. Smith returned Monday from Seattle and Tacoma. While in Seattle Mr. Smith attended the Knights of Pythias ball, and reports a splendid time.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

The ladies of the Episcopal church of this city will give a German in the near future.

The reservation appraisers have appraised 800 lots. The work is progressing even more rapidly and smoothly than was expected.

Any person adicted to the cigarette smoking, will in the future lay himself liable to a fine, as a law has passed the legislature making it an offense to have cigarettes in one's possession.

Public schools, county offices, the postoffice and other public and private institutions were closed on last Wednesday—Washington's birthday.

The pastor of the Congregational church will speak Sunday morning on the theme, "The Condition of the Soul Between Death and the Resurrection." In the evening, "The Transforming Power of the Gospel."

The appraisers are progressing even more rapidly than they had anticipated. Last Saturday they appraised 140 lots. If nothing unforseen occurs, and they average this amount of work each day, they will easily finish within sixty days.

Representative Hoole's railroad bill has been killed, on a motion of its author, who voted for its indefinite postponement. Mr. Hoole discovered that the bill had no possible chance of being passed, so denied his opponents the opportunity to kill it.

And now comes the news that a capitalist has secured absolute right to five miles of the Elwah river, and will develop an enormous water power, which he will transmit to this city with electric wires, in quantity sufficient to turn the wheels of the manufactures of the Pacific coast.

The Hastings' Hardware company evidences the enterprise and public spirit that has ever been characteristic of the firm's business career with an announcement of the complete stock of hardware, ammunition, etc., the firm has in stock in its Angeles store, in the columns of the local press.

Miss Belle Wallace, of this city, was agreeably surprised on Tuesday evening last, at her home on Eighth and Washington streets by a host of her young friends, the occasion being a house warming. Games and dancing followed by a delightful lunch, made the evening one long to be remembered by those in attendance.

It is rumored from an authentic source that the Pacific Coast Steamship company has decided to make Port Angeles one of the regular ports of call of its Puget Sound-San Francisco steamers. If this proves, as it doubless will, true citizens are to be congratulated over their good fortune and the board of trade will deserve credit for the signal victory achieved.

Representative Hoole, of Clallam, has introduced a bill giving the counties or municipalities the power to raise all revenues by means of a tax levied on land values irrespective of improvements It provides for the submission of the single tax scheme to a vote of the people of any city, town, or county at any regular election, and the putting of it into effect in case of a majority vote in its favor.

The Rev. James Cheal, of Seattle, an Episcopal clergyman will hold special services in the Congregational church on Saturday evening at 7:30 o'clock. On Sunday at 11 a. m., at St. Andrews' Episcopal church, corner of 6th and Chase streets. Sermon, baptism and holy communion will be administered. All are cordially invited.

Mr. D. P. Quinn, the irrepressible real estate broker, doubtless has received a presentment of returning activity in property transactions, and has therefore decided to take time by the forelock by enlarging his office quarters. He will utilize his entire business room on Front street for private business purposes, the present occupant, Mr. A. Mona removing to the Levy building in the same block.

Letters Uncalled For.

List of letters remaining uncalled for in Port Angeles post office February 18th.

Isaac Peterson, Chas. E. Lewis, P. A. Peterson, 3; Miss Stina Person, A. H. Sievert, Chas. Tinsley, Frank Loney, Dennis Falby, Miss Dora Harris, Wm. H. Rabe.

In calling for above letters please give date advertised.

J. S. FENN, P. M.

At the City Hotel.

Harry Witt, Fred S. Dayis, San Francisco; Wm. Leonard, E. A. Reece, Portland; Thos. T. Besse, Fred T. Fischer Norman Murray, M. L. Warson, G. C. Palmleaf, W. E. Miller, Seattle; Phil A. Dolan, City; W. G. Strong, Townsend; Frank Judson, Omaha; Daniel Pullen, C Wurte, La Push.

To Spar for Points.

It is rumored about town that there will be a scientific boxing match in the near future, between two of our most prominent citizens. Both parties have shown papers praising their skill, and the bout promises to be an interesting one.

Lost off the Cape.

The schooner J. B. Ford foundered off Cape Flattery in a heavy storm last Sunday. The crew consisted of five persons, all of whom were rescued and taken to Victoria in a tug.

The J. B. Ford was schooner-rigged and was built in San Francisco in 1882. She was 243.61 gross tonnage, 123 feet long, 31.8 feet wide, 10.3 feet deep.

School Entertainment.

Opera house February 24, 7:30 p. m., to cultivate patriotism. The program will consist of tributes to Washington, Lincoln and Longfellow, songs, quotations, class exercises and a flag brigade drill. Also a mock trial by members of the Lyceum League. Proceeds to go to the purchasing of an organ for the school.

The steamer Francis Cutting was in harbor Thursday morning, outward bound.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Real Estate Transfers.

Following is the list of transfers for the week ending February 24, as furnished by the Clallam County Abstract and Trust Company:

C E Mallette to D F Auldridge lot 11, blk 1, Williams sub div	$ 75
C E Mallette to D F Auldridge lot 6, blk 1, same add	75
G L Colwell to M A Colwell lots 7 to 10, blk 51 lots 10, 11, blk 72, Townsite of Port Angeles	200
C Zimmerman to P Santer lot 3, blk E, P. S. C. C. 1st add	100
L M Lane to P H Santer lots 9, 10 blk 18 Gay & Bickford's add	200
G V Smith to H C Langrehn lot 25, blk 2, Washington ave add	50
W W Smithe to H McAlmond, 10 acres in sec 29 30 6	200
G Drapper to G H Randall se ¼ of ne ¼ 25-30-6	100o
T H Liebe to E Hochappel, lots 1 to 10 blk 1 and lots 39 to 48 blk 6, Liebe's add	2000
T McNeel to J Stewart lots 26 and 27, blk 2, lots 17 and 18, blk 3 and lots 13 and 12, blk 10, Beacon Hill add	180
J Pearson to A Goldwater, 5 acres in sec 18 30-5	250
Kellogg Land Co to M J Weybright lot 9, blk 1, Kellogg's plat of Clallam	200
M J Weybright to J F Keltner, same property	600
P A Hallberg to A W Parnell lot 4 sec 2-29-14	550
Port Angeles Land Co to J B Green lots 1 to 5 blk 11 Gay & Bickford's add	525
Same to J Wilson, lot 6, blk 11 same add	250
Same to Q Post lots 11 and 12, blk 18 same add	250
J S Bolton to F S MacIntosh lots 7 to 10 blk 20, Edgewood add	1
G M Lauridsen to J Stewart, lots 8 to 22 blk 8, Beacon Hill add	1260
W S Chandler to J Remillard lots 1 to 5 blk 2, 1st div of Chandler & Coolican estate	275
M Chapman to J Wallace sw 1-4 of ne 1-4 sec 18-30-3, 10 acres	100

A CASE OF SMALLPOX.

At the Neah Bay Indian Reservation—Precaution Taken

Last Thursday morning the steamer Garland brought the unwelcome news of a case of smallpox having broken out among the Indians on the Neah Bay reservation.

City Health Officer Lull immediately had the mails thoroughly fumigated, and will take every precaution to prevent this dread epidemic spreading

The victim is one of the children in the Indian school at Bahada, an Indian village at Neah Bay.

School has been dismissed, the patient quarantined and the resident physician will vaccinate all of the Indians and inaugurate a rigid quarantine over everyone who has been exposed to the disease.

Rigid measures will doubtless be taken immediately to cut off all communications with Neah Bay, so as to prevent any likelihood of the disease being transmitted to this city.

AN ANGELES BOY

Returns After a Brief Residence in the City Within the Golden Gates.

Mr. Charles Ulmer, Jr., son of Charles D. Ulmer, of the Tribune-Times, of this city, returned Tuesday from San Francisco, where he had resided for about eight months last past.

During Mr. Ulmer's residence in San Francisco, he had a lucrative position as compositor on the San Francisco daily Chronicle, one of the foremost journals of the Pacific coast.

San Francisco, Mr. Ulmer says is very dull from a commercial and business standpoint. It is, however, a wonderful city, as the centre of wealth, refinement and every modern metropolitan feature. It has every advantage possessed by older eastern cities.

It is, by the way, the Mecca of Angeles real estate speculators. Through the untiring effort, the indefatigable energy of Phil A. Dolan, Capt. Greenleaf, A. G. King, Thos. Malony, S. R. Maxwell, Mr. McIntyre, Angeles has been judiciously, widely and thoroughly advertised in California. The excursion party from that city next month will be comprised of business men and capitalists, who will make a careful personal investigation of the opportunities offering here, with the purpose, of course, to invest if favorably impressed.

HOME ON A BRIEF VISIT.

A Prominent Angeles Citizen Returns From 'Frisco.

Mr. Phil A. Dolan, one of the large property owners of this city, returned Sunday after six month's absence in San Francisco.

During Mr. Dolan's residence in San Francisco, he has been conducting a real estate agency, with Port Angeles property as the principal stock in trade. In that city, he says, the business men who have familiarized themselves with Angeles and its superior situation, have confidence in its future. They realize it is the centre and the natural outlet of a vast territory of country that will with future development contribute in products and in trade enormously. They clearly realize the advantage of establishing more intimate trade relations with this city, and if their united influence will prevail, you can rest assured it will be directed intelligently and with earnestness to induce the Pacific Coast Steamship company to have its steamers call here regularly.

There will be an excursion party arrive here from San Francisco about the 3rd of next month. They will leave on the steamer Umatilla. The party will be comprised largely of investors, men who represent wealth, men of shrewd business judgment, whose good opinion Port Angeles can well afford to labor industriously to secure.

Times in San Francisco have been exceedingly dull during the past few years. It has not escaped the ill-effects of the protracted period of stringency, which has prevailed throughout the Pacific northwest since the spring of '90. The lumber market has been and is at present paralized. The demoralized condition of business in the South American countries and on the Pacific coast has caused general inactivity in that industry. This is one of the principle causes of the depression existing over the Pacific coast.

The belief, however, prevails that the country is about to enter upon an era of general business prosperity, of permanent, substantial advancement, a condition that is most devoutly desired, and one that will stimulate wonderful development in this country of marvelous resources.

FONDNESS FOR DRESS.

Greenberg Bros., the Victims of a Wayward Youth's Folly.

Mr. H. Greenberg, manager of Greenberg Bros., clothing establishment about a week ago missed an overcoat and several pair of pants, which naturally caused him to keep vigilant outlook for the guilty individual. A few days since he discovered what he believed to be the missing clothes on the person of a young man of this city. After a careful examination he was fully convinced that they were the missing articles.

Last Saturday Mr. Greenberg had a warrant sworn out for the apprehension of the guilty person, who, it appears, had in the mean time made good his escape.

The perpetrator of this crime is only a lad of about sixteen years of age, who was, THE DEMOCRAT is informed, given an opportunity by Mr. Greenberg to pay for the clothes in the event of which the latter would not prosecute him. Fearing the consequences of his crime, he preferred to take his chances in making good his escape.

Mark of Progress.

One of the most enterprising firms of the city, Messrs. C. E. Bell & Co., unmistakable evidence of whose growing business is demonstrated in the constant economy of quarters, have again utilized space by having a gallery constructed over their grocery department which will be used exclusively for crockery, glassware, chinaware etc., a line recently added to their stock.

ATTENTION.—Any person desiring a carriage to any part of the city, will find the undersigned on Lincoln street wharf, nearly opposite the Y. M. C. A. rooms. Passengers taken to and from all boats; also baggage promptly delivered. Terms reasonable. Orders left at the Y. M. C. A. or at Maggart's second hane store on Front corner Oak streets Prompt attention given to all orders Patronage respectfully solicited.

WM. H. DOUGLAS.

Mr. Adam Zerenner the merchant tailor, has recently, received some of the latest and most stylish dress suit patterns. Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

You will be left if you let this week pass without buying underwear. If you have the faculty of seeing a bargain you wont miss this sale, at the U. S. Clothing House.

Subscribe for THE DEMOCRAT, terms $2.00 per year

Laundry of the Future.

A departure in laundry work is made by a firm in New York that offers to call for and deliver work, wash and iron all flat pieces, such as sheets, pillowslips, tablecloths, bedspreads, etc., ready for use, and to wash and dry other articles to be starched and ironed at home at four cents per pound. Most of the pieces to be ironed at this rate are to be done on a large improved mangle, so constructed that it is guaranteed that goods ironed on it will last from one-third to one-half longer than if ironed in the usual way. —New York Letter.

Business Locals.

Fisher's Pharmacy the Old reliable.

The A. U. Davis's butter at Harvey's.

The Fisher Pharmacy is the old reliable.

For Dungeness butter go to Harvey's store.

Boots and shoes at The New York Clothing House.

Perfect fit in Clothing at The New York Clothing House.

Remember that you can always get pure, fresh Jersey butter at Harvey's

The very best liquors, wines and cigars at the Missouri Oak.

The very best family wines and liquors at the Missouri Oak.

The best place to buy candies in the city is at Raymond Bros.

Buy your clothing at The New York Clothing and get the advantages.

If you want the very best of everything, go to Fisher's Pharmacy.

An elegant stock of gent's neckwear at the New York Clothing house.

FARM LOANS, OPTION PLAN.
J. E. BEAM.

Examine the large stock of gent's clothing. At the New York Clothing house.

Cheap stoves, pumps, bath-tubs sinks etc. W. Banks, at Martin's sash factory.

If you want a superior brand of wine, whiskey or brandy, go to the Missouri Oak.

Closing out shoes at cost at the U. S. Clothing House.

Special "knock-down" prices on ready made clothing at the U. S. Clothing House.

A large fall stock of gent's wo men's and children's boots and shoes just received at the New York Clothing House.

Special sale of knee pants at the U. S. Clothing store. Sizes five to thirteen. Price 25 cents per pair.

The Fisher Pharmacy stands at the head for purity, uniformity and superiority of quality. J. P. Hansen, proprietor.

Take advantage of the cut in prices in men's, boys and children's clothing at the New York Clothing House.

The New York Clothing House has the only exclusive gent's furnishing establishment in town. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Choice groceries always on hand at Harvey's and headquarters for A. U. Davis' butter.

Only the very best brands of wines and liquors kept on hand at the Missouri Oak.

The Port Angeles Steam Laundry makes a specialty of doing up collars and cuffs.

A grand sacrifice sale of ladies and misses jackets at the U. S. Clothing store Saturday.

Fisher's pharmacy has the most complete stock of fishing tackle ever brought to Angeles.

Raymond Bros., have just received the largest stock of confectionery that ever came to this city.

A 20 per cent discount on men's, boys and children's clothing at the New York Clothing House.

Family washing at the Port Angeles Steam Laundry for from 25 to 50 cents per dozen for plain work.

The largest assortment of meerschaum pipes in the city at Raymonds Select a present for your friend.

Gentlemen's suits made to order at the New York Clothing House. From $20 up. A perfect fit guaranteed.

Money to Loan on Improved Farms on the OPTION plan.
E. BEAM, Port Angeles, Wash.

Garden Hose, Garden Hose, Garden Hose. Largest consignment just received at Banks, next door to DEMOCRAT office.

SUMMONS.

THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, County of Clallam. } ss.

In Justice Court before W. E. Burnside, Justice. The State of Washington to J. C. Bennett:

In the name of the state of Washington, you are hereby notified that Mary Ann MacKay has filed a complaint against you in said court, which will come on to be heard at my office in the city of Port Angeles, Clallam county state of Washington, on Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1893, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, and unless you appear and then and there answer, the same will be taken as confessed, and the demand of the plaintiff granted.

The object and demand of said complaint is to recover from you the sum of $25 for use and occupation of certain rooms of said plaintiff Mary Ann MacKay, in said city in August, September and October 1891, and for storing and caring for certain furniture of yours consisting of a desk, table and chairs since October 1891, and for the costs of this suit. Complaint filed January 27th, 1893.

Witness my hand this 27th day of January, 1893.

W. E. BURNSIDE,
Justice of the Peace.

Date of first publication February 3rd, 1893.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN the Superior court for Clallam county, state of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of James William Weir, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of James William Weir, deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 7th day of January, 1893, by the Superior court of Clallam county.

All persons having claims against said deceased are required to present them to me with the necessary vouchers, at my residence near Port Angeles in said county within one year after the date of the date of this notice, or they shal be forever barred.

Dated this 13 h day of January, 1893.

ANNA M. WEIR,
Administratrix of the estate of James William Weir, deceased.

By R. C. Wilson, her attorney.

Date of first publication Jan. 13 .1893.

COLUMBUS DISCOVERED

America in 1492. Everybody knows that; but who

Discovered Columbus?

We will not try to answer this question, but judging from the number of BOOTS and SHOES we are selling we know that the people of Port Angeles and Clallam County,

HAVE DISCOVERED

That the NEW YORK BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE is the best and cheapest place in town to buy their footwear.

WHY?

BECAUSE—Bright folks take heed of other people's experience. Few things cost more in this world than experience. Now our experience in the shoe trade has been quite extensive. All our customers get the benefit of our experience, for by it we are able to sell the best goods for the least money.

THE NEW YORK BOOT & SHOE HOUSE

J. I. KIRSCHBERG & CO., Prop's.

Front and Laurel Sts. PORT ANGELES, WASH

IF YOU WANT A TIMBER CLAIM

If you want a Ranch,
If you want to be Located on Government Lands,
If you want City Property in the Gem City,
East Clallam, Washington

—APPLY TO THE—

EAST CLALLAM REAL ESTATE CO.

Correspondence Solicited.

MARLETTE & EDWARDS.

EAST CLALLAM, - - - WASH

L. ROCKMAN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CIGARS, TOBACCO, CIGARETTES, PIPES AND SMOKERS' ARTICLES.

AGENTS FOR

The Lion and Imperial Fire Insurance Cos. of London.

PRUNE TREES CHEAP.

Prune growing, best paying business. Nice one year trees 3 to 4 feet 15 cents each by the hundred, 12½ cents each for 5 hundred. Fine large apple, cherry, and pear. 3 year trees 6 to 8 feet very cheap at CARTER'S NURSERY.

Send postal card for price list to T. H. CARTER, Port Angeles, Wash.

LAKE VIEW HOUSE.

Situated on Lake Crescent, the most beautiful body of fresh water in the State, is open for guests who are desirous of spending a few weeks where fishand game are plentiful. Charges reasonable. A good road connects the lake with Port Crescent, where ample accommodations for tourists can be had at the Markham house, and transportation for baggage to the lake at moderate rates.

RICHARD M'DONNELL,
Port Crescent.

L. H. SMITH,

Pioneer Tinner and Plumber.

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.

TIN-ROOFING A SPECIALTY.

SHOP—Corner of Oak and Front Sts.

PORT ANGELES, - WASH.

MISSOURI OAK.

H. B. CROCKETT, Manager.

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

BOTTLED BEER FOR FAMILY USE, 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Front Street - - Port Angeles

ATTENTION STUDENTS!

Do you wish to fit for college, or to secure a good Academic education, Puget Sound Academy at Coupeville is well equipped for such work.

EXCELLENT MUSICAL DEPARTMENT

GOOD LIBRARY,

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL APPARATUS.

For Particulars Address:
REV. C. E. NEWBERRY,
Coupeville, Wash.

Port Angeles Pharmacy,

KELLER & RANDALL,

Successors to

P. F. KIERNAN.

Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night.

PUREST of MEDICINES

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Everything in the Drug Line.

PORT ANGELES. - WASH

City Hotel,

L. F. PERSON, Prop.

American and European Plan.

SPECIAL RATES FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS.

Free Express from all Boats.

Port Angeles, - - Wash

Lee & Souther,

DRESSMAKERS.

Parlors in

MASTICK BUILDING.

A Specialty Made of Children's Clothing and Ladies' Tailoring.

Satisfaction Guaranted.

DIRECTORIES.

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Governor	John H. McGraw
Lieutenant Governor	J. H. Luce
Secretary of State	James Price
Treasurer	O. A. Bowen
Auditor	L. R. Grimes
Attorney General	W. C. James
Supt. of Public Instruction	C. W. Bean
Commissioner of Public Lands	W. T. Forrest
Congressmen - John L. Wilson,	W. H. Doolittle
State Senator	F. W. Hastings
Judges Supreme Court	R. O. Dunbar, T. C. Stiles, J. P. Hoyt, T. J. Anders, E. Scott.
Land Office—Seattle Dist.	T. M. Reed Jr., Register. G. G. Lyons, Receiver.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Representative	W. R. Hoole
Supertor Judge	J. G. McClinton
Auditor	John W. Troy
Clerk	A. A. Richardson
Sheriff	S. G. Morse
Treasurer	M. J. Chimp
Attorney	D. W. Bryan
Assessor	Geo. H. White
Surveyor	E. A. Fitzllenry
Coroner	W. W. McGeorge
County Commissioners	Jno. B. Knapman, A. O'Brien, George Lamb
Justice of the Peace Port Angeles Prc.	W. E. Burnside, S. P. Carusi
Constables Port Angeles Precinct	A. H. Nottage, Ben Chambers

CITY OFFICERS.

COUNCILMEN:

E. Metcalfe, J. Ristine, J. E. Krueger, Tom Moore, John Rose, J. E. Beam, H. D. Carver

Mayor	N. R. Smith
Clerk	C. K. Humphries
Treasurer	F. E. Seevers
Marshal	H. J. McGregor
Attorney	Geo. C. Hatch
Engineer	E. A. Fitzllenry
Police Judge	A. H. Howells
Street Commissioner	Harry Williams

LODGES.

A. F. & A. M.—Port Angeles Lodge, meets every Second and fourth Tuedays of each month in Masonic Hall, Colony Building.
W. BRUMFIELD, W. M
WALLACE MYNATT, Secretary.

CARPENTERS' UNION No. 260—Meets every Tuesday at L. Henderson's, Second and Pine streets, 7:30 p. m. D. R. CALEN, R. S.
L. HENDERSON, Pres.

CALEDONIAN CLUB—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30, at McInnes & Campbell's office over First National Bank.
WM. RITCHIE, Chieftan.
W. K. CLAR, Secretary.

FUCA ENCAMPMENT, NO. 19, I. O. O. F.—Port Angeles, Wash., meets first and third Saturday of each month at Masonic Hall. All visiting brothers are cordially invited to be with us. J. W. STEWART, C. P.
Attest: A. N. TAYLOR, Scribe.

G. A. R.—Pacific Post No. 48, meets every first and third Friday of each month, at Masonic Hall, at 7:30 p. m. All comrades in good standing cordially invited. C. M. ARMBRUST, P. C.
HUGH R. MORRISON, Adjutant

I. O. O. F.—Home Lodge No. 82. meets every Monday at 7:30 p. m. at Odd Fellows Hall over post office. J. C. COOLIDGE, N. G.
W. W. MALTYB. Cor. Sec.

I. O. O. F.—Clallam Lodge No 72, meets every Thursday evening at 7:30, at Hall in Colony Building. A. N. TAYLOR, N. G.
S. A. HALL, Secretary.

I. O. G. T.—Angeles Lodge No. 27, meets every Friday evening at 7:30, at McDonald's Hall.
WM. REX, C. T.
ROY McCLINTON, Secretary.

I. O. R. M.—Clallam Tribe, No. 4; eets every Monday evening at 7:30 p. m., in Masonic Hall; visiting Redmen are invited to attend.
S. P. Carusi, Chief of Records. W. L. Dicke, Sachem.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR—Port Angeles Lodge, Local Assembly No. 3695, meets every Tuesday at 7:30 p. m., at McDonald's Hall.
E. E. SEEVERS, W. M.
—BURNS, Secretary,

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—Gate City Lodge, No. 65, meets every Wednesday evening at Masonic Hall. Visiting Knights are cordially invited to attend. J. W. TROY, C. C.
T. WAGNER, K. of R. and S.

O. d. H. S.—Port Angeles (German) Lodge No. 3 meets every Thursday at 7:30 p. m. corner of Eighth and Peabody streets.
H. GENCK Pres.
GEO. WUNDERLICK Sec.

ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR.—Meets on the second and fourth Saturdays of each month at Masonic Hall. All members of the order invited to attend.
WALLACE MYNATT, Secretary.
MRS. P. ARMBRUST, Acting Worty Matron

PACIFIC WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS—No. 21, auxiliary to the G. A. R., meets every first and third Saturday of each month at Masonic Hall, at 2:30 p. m. MRS. C. M. ARMBRUST, President.
MISS BABCOCK Sec.

CHURCHES.

CATHOLIC Services at 10:30 a. m. every Sunday, corner Second and Laurel streets. Rev Father Faber, Pastor. All are invited to attend.

GERMAN LUTHERAN—Rev. Hansen, pastor. Services first Sunday in each month at the Congregational church at 2:30 p. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Rev. J. M. Baxter pastor. Services every Sunday in church on First street at 10:30 a. m, and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school immediately after morning service Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30 All are welcome.

Port Angeles, Port Townsend, Dungeness, and Seattle Route.

STEAMER
MONTICELLO

Leaves Commercial Wharf,
Near West Seattle Ferry,
Daily, : Except : Monday,
As per Following Time Card.

Going—Daily, Except Sunday.

Leaves Seattle	7:00 a. m.
Leaves Port Townsend	10:30 a. m.
Leaves Dungeness	12:00 p. m.
Arrives Port Angeles	2:00 p. m.

Returning—Daily, Except Monday.

Leaves Port Angeles	3:00 p. m.
Leaves Dungeness	4:30 p. m.
Leaves Port Townsend	6:30 a. m.
Arrives Seattle	10:00 p. m.

LANDINGS—Commercial Wharf, Seattle; Tibbal's Wharf, Port Townsend; Morse's Wharf, Port Angeles.

Close Connection at Seattle with Str. Bailey Gatzert for Tacoma and Olympia.

MEALS : ON : BOARD.
HATCH BROS.

SHIPPERS—Will please order goods to be marked and shipped by the Steamer Monticello. Also state Commercial wharf, Seattle; and Tibbal's wharf Port Port Townsend.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

WOMEN SHOWING HONOR TO THE PILGRIM MOTHERS.

Taking to a Useful Fad—A Woman's College Settlement—Rights of Working Women—Tennessee's Woman Attorney. Work in New Orleans.

For some time it has been a favorite idea with many of us to have a celebration at which the deeds of the pioneer women of New England should be vaunted as the deeds of the pioneer men of New England have been set forth by the two great societies of New York and Brooklyn. For years the "Sons of the Pilgrims" have gathered to do honor to their forefathers. It is high time that the "Daughters of the Pilgrims" should gather to do honor to the foremothers. At these masculine feasts it has been the custom for men to assemble at great tables, eating of good things, drinking wine, and then later making speeches in which they eulogized the achievements of their ancestors—never a word of the ancestresses, never a hint of what women suffered, never a note of gratitude for their aid nor of tenderness for their memory. Sometimes the wives and daughters of the men present have been permitted to look on at the dinner, sitting hungry and silent in a gallery while the men enjoyed the good things on the tables and then waxed eloquent in praise of their sex, but never has a woman had an equal share in the entertainment.

Now the time has come when we propose to do honor to the pilgrim mothers. We intend to spread our feast, and when we have partaken of it over our tea or coffee we will have speeches in eulogy of the great deeds of the pioneer women of the land. Among those to make addresses are Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Mrs. Isabella Beecher Hooker, Rev. Anna H. Shaw, Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Brown, Mrs. Carrie Lane Chapman, Mrs. Jennie M. Lozier and Mrs. Mary A. Chapman.

It may be asked why we have our dinner on Dec. 23 instead of on the 22d, the usually accepted day of the landing of the pilgrims. For the very excellent reason that the landing was not made until the 23d. The journal of William Bradford, who came out on the Mayflower, and was afterward the famous governor of Massachusetts, recounts with particularity the events of each day. On the 21st there was a reconnoissance. A party went ashore from the Mayflower in a small boat, but returned to the ship. The 22d was stormy. The wave tossed vessel lay off shore, and the only event of importance mentioned is that a woman on the ship was "delivered of a son, dead born." The real landing—that is, the going ashore of many persons, some of whom remained—was made on the 23d. The day of the landing has long been in dispute between the different societies. The Brooklyn society celebrates the 21st as being the first day of going ashore, while the New York society has long held its festival on the 22d, a day memorable, as we have seen, only for the anguish of the woman.—New York Cor. Woman's Journal.

Taking to a Useful Fad.

One of the fads of the present season, and one which promises to become more or less popular among the ladies, is the manufacture of their own trimmings for underwear. In England and France during the last season, at the afternoon teas and at the meetings of the ladies' clubs and societies, the making of lace was distinctly popular. The ladies who visited abroad have come home, bringing with them dainty patterns, and the disease is sure to spread. The knitting and crocheting of lace is the most liked of these occupations. The dainty cobweb patterns which our grandmothers used to create with two knitting needles and a spool of fine linen thread are all being revived, and from them the ingenious fair ones are evolving new and more intricate patterns.

A young society lady who is to become a bride just after next Easter told with pride that she is to make all the lace for her trousseau with her own fingers. More than this, she is to do much of the needlework for underwear of fine nainsook made entirely by hand. Hems, tucks and puffs are not now the correct thing. A waste of time? Well, why? These fair ladies have been in the habit of being busy at nothing. They simply utilize time which otherwise would go to waste. Is it not rather to the young lady's credit to be able to display beautiful specimens of her own handiwork?

Then, too, think how charming she may appear in the eyes of her devoted admirers of the other sex—those gentlemen who think strong minded women are so unwomanly, and that this sort of thing is much more suited to the display of woman's talents. There is another thing to be taken into consideration. Nothing will so effectually display dainty, jeweled fingers and pink tinted polished nails as the handling of the knitting needles.—New York Herald.

A New Woman's College Settlement.

Following the example set by the women's college settlements on Rivington street in New York, and on St. Mary's street in Philadelphia, and no doubt encouraged by the success which has attended these undertakings, nine earnest young women are about to start a woman's college settlement here in Boston. A brick house has already been rented, and $2,000 will be spent in repairs, plumbing and furnishing. The workmen have begun on the interior renovation. Four of the young women come here from Wellesley (one holding a fellowship there), one from Bryn Mawr, several from the Back Bay (including some who are not college graduates) and two from Maine. Miss Katherine Conan, professor of economics at Wellesley, is sponsor of the movement, and beyond that the young women desire that no personality shall attach itself to the settlement. "We are not an institution," said one of them impressively, "but simply ladies who prefer to live at the South Cove "instead of at the Back Bay."

Only young women who can afford to give their time to the work and to pay their own general expenses will be eligible, and those who become residents of the settlements will do so on a basis of perfect equality. There will be no salaried officers and assistants, but one of the young women will act as a housekeeper, and the rest will assist in the different branches of the work. Whatever additional support is necessary will be given by the College Settlement association, which has now a membership of between 700 and 800. The general uncollegiate public of both sexes may become eligible to membership by the payment of five dollars.—Boston Transcript.

Rights of Working Women.

There are 250,000 women in New York city, exclusive of the domestic service, who are breadwinners—who have no male protectors and no means of support other than their own efforts. Though there are 343 trades open to them, an advertisement for one worker often brings a hundred applicants. Many of them are obliged to accept whatever wages are offered them. There are trained sewing women in this city working nineteen hours a day for 25 cents. Boys' knee pants bring 35 cents a dozen, trousers from 12½ to 25 cents and shirts from 6¼ to 12½ cents. To work as prisoners for crime would be a respite to many of them. The injustice, the oppression and the suffering of these 250,000—what a theme for the reformer or the novelist! These starvation wages! The shopgirl's weary hours of standing after she is through the thousand demands made upon her! Such inhumanity! I wonder why the Almighty does not grind between the millstones of his wrath the human ghouls who grow rich by eating the flesh and drinking the blood of the poor who work for them. Woman has as much right to her bread as a man has. Pay women the same as men for the same work if they do it equally well.—Jenness Miller Illustrated.

Tennessee's First Woman Attorney.

In the United States circuit court Tuesday a very pleasant episode occurred, marking the admission to the bar of a woman lawyer. Mrs. Martha D. Strickland came to Memphis from Michigan as a member of the Association for the Advancement of Women a fortnight ago, and is the guest of Judge and Mrs. J. M. Greer. The convention, it will be recalled, assembled in the United States courtroom, the use of which had been courteously extended by Judge Hammond. On the afternoon of Nov. 18 Mrs. Strickland delivered a lecture upon "Parliamentary Law as a Science and an Art."

Judge Hammond was in the audience, and was so much impressed with the handling of the subject by Mrs. Strickland that he subsequently suggested that she apply for a license to practice in the federal courts during her stay in Memphis. This Mrs. Strickland did through Judge Greer, who in a characteristically clever speech asked that Mrs. Strickland be granted a license. The request was complied with, and the first woman attorney in Tennessee was sworn in by Clerk Clough. Mrs. Strickland has now several classes in parliamentary law among the ladies of Memphis.—Memphis Appeal-Avalanche.

Women's Work in New Orleans.

The city council of New Orleans having passed an ordinance to license the social evil the women of that city took the alarm, and under call of Mrs. E. L. Saxon convened in mass meeting. Miss Florence Huberwald called the meeting to order. Miss Kate Nobles was elected chairman and Miss Elsie Cage secretary. Mrs. Saxon, at the opening of the meeting, read a letter from Mayor Fitzpatrick in which he stated his intention to veto the bill, whereupon resolutions of thanks to the mayor and the press were passed. Mrs. Saxon, who is the pioneer in social purity work in the United States, made a most earnest address. The bill was rightly stigmatized as tending to further torture and degrade a class already degraded and oppressed, as opening opportunities for blackmailing and extortion, and as punishing only one offender, leaving the other unlimited opportunity with impunity.

Mrs Saxon said that 99 per cent. of these women were driven to their lives of shame through want and the perfidy of man. As she pictured the present and future of the outcast twenty-six women of that class who were present sobbed wildly, overcome by her eloquence and touched with longing for a better life.—Woman's Tribune.

Mrs. Leslie's Sanctum.

Mrs. Frank Leslie's sanctum is the corner room on the third floor of the Judge building, at Sixteenth street and Fifth avenue. It is quite different from the average "office," being filled with books and chairs and handsome tables. Mrs. Leslie herself occupies a heavily covered chair of antique pattern. She is always richly dressed, even at her desk, and is by no means shorn of the handsome jewelry she possesses.

In speaking of the recent theft of her brooch by a Brooklyn young woman, who also forged Mrs. Leslie's checks, she said that she had never been more completely deceived.

"Why, the girl was so deadly respectable! And as for her claiming to be only twenty-one, she must be thirty. She told me she was twenty-one, and I simply laughed—thought she was joking. It was as if I should say to you that I was only five. And it is so strange that all of the talk is about the theft of the brooch, while the great offense—the forging of Mr. Gerlach's name and that of another friend—is almost unmentioned."—New York Recorder.

Caution with Canned Fruit.

Now that the season of canned fruit is again upon us housekeepers will do well to repeat the caution which forgetful maids need periodically—to empty the provisions out of the can as soon as it is opened. Often a most dangerous acid is

Serenaded by 20,000 Swallows.

The swallow nuisance continues with unabated vigor at the Naval academy, Annapolis. From 8,000 to 20,000 swallows gather every evening in the five or six maple trees in front of the superintendent's residence and make evening and morning hideous with their cries. All efforts to drive them away have failed, and a bell and gong are kept going at intervals to drive the pests from the two trees next the superintendent's house. Every year this disagreeable rendezvous is maintained by the swallows.—Baltimore Sun.

Transferring a Pension by Marriage.

A peculiar marriage was celebrated at San Antonio Wednesday. C. J. Ennis, aged eighty-six years, an old Mexican war veteran, who was in a dying condition, was married to Elizabeth Baccus, aged seventy-seven years. Ennis is in receipt of a monthly stipend of eight dollars from the government. In gratitude to the woman who is now his wife and nursed him for the past two or three years he desired that the marriage take place, so that his dutiful nurse will receive his pension after his death.—Cor. New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The Finest Sight in the World.

This fair of ours, in its general aspect and judged from the artistic point of view, is not only much more successful than two years ago we believed it could be—it is much more successful than any that has ever been created in this or another land. It is not only comparable to the beautiful Paris exhibition of 1889, and not only equal to it—it is greatly superior. And it sexcellence is not an imitation or even an adaptation of any precedent, but has been achieved upon entirely new and original lines. It is perfectly certain that every one who goes to Chicago next summer will be astonished, no matter how much he may have heard and believed in advance; and it is just as certain that he will be charmed, no matter how good or how captious his taste may be.

Only those who know how hard it is to produce a high degree of beauty on a vast scale and in complicated ways will fully appreciate what they see at Chicago. They, and only they, will fully understand that they are beholding one of the most beautiful of sights, and, considering its genesis, distinctly the most wonderful sight, in the world—a sight the character of which, I am not afraid to say, has not been paralleled since the Rome of the emperors stood intact, with marble palace, statue, terrace, bridge and temple, under an Italian sky no bluer than our own.—Mrs. Van Rensselaer in Forum.

A Balloon for the Kaiser.

The sum of 50,000 marks (£2,000) which the German emperor has just presented to the German Society for the Promotion of Aerial Navigation for the advancement of this science is to be devoted to the construction and equipment of a giant balloon. This balloon will be as high as a four storied house, will be fifty-six feet in diameter and it will contain no less than 2,530 cubic meters of gas. It will be made of Egyptian cotton stuff, and will be coated with vulcanized gum, which is considered better than varnish.

A rather interesting feature of the balloon will be the provision of a special valve of a new kind, which will keep the gas pure for a longer time, and therefore sustain the balloon for a longer period. It is proposed to make within a year no less than fifty journeys with the balloon and to ascend as high as possible, up to 33,000 feet if necessary, with artificial respiration. Over £400 will be expended in purchasing scientific apparatus for this balloon. Experiments will, if possible, be simultaneously made with two other balloons to further investigate the physical conditions of the atmosphere.—Pall Mall Budget.

A Misunderstanding.

Young Lady—Is warm water and oatmeal good for the complexion?

Doctor—Oh, no. It should boil twenty minutes.—New York Weekly.

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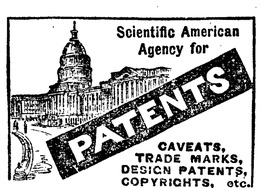

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